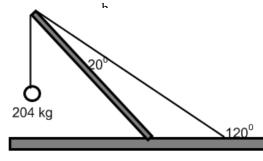
- 1. A ball is dropped from a height of 20.0 m. Calculate the time to hit the ground, the final velocity.
- 2. A bullet is fired with an initial velocity of 300 m/s from the ground at an angle of elevation of 37°. Calculate the maximum height, the total time in the air, the range
- 3. A 20 kg object is on a 15° slope that is 10.0 m long. It has a coefficient of friction of 0.2. Calculate the time to slide down, the final velocity at the bottom.
- 4. A baseball is thrown from the roof of a 40.0 m building with an initial velocity of 20.0 m/s at 37°. Find the time to strike the ground and the range.
- 5. A golf ball is given an initial velocity of 40 m/s at 40° toward the green that is elevated 5.0 m above the golfer. If the horizontal distance to the hole is 150 m, how far from the hole does the ball land?
- 6. A man walks 25.0 m at 37° then 40.0 m at 240° then 15.0 m at 160°. Find the magnitude and direction of the resultant displacement.
- 7. Two horses are attached to a 500 kg sled via ropes. If horse A applies a force of 200 N at 130° and horse B applies a force of 300 N at 53°, find the resultant force acting on the sled.
- 8. Find all the forces acting at the end of the "strut". Assume that the strut weighs nothing.

a. 50°



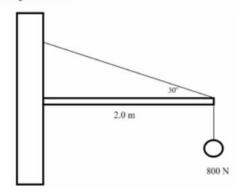
- 9. An 80.0 kg block rests on a 30° slope, 20 m long, where the coefficient of friction is 0.15. Find the time to slide down the hill and the speed at the bottom.
- 10. A 0.45 kg shuffleboard puck is given an initial velocity of 4.5 m/s. If the coefficient of friction is 0.25, how far will the puck slide? 11. A 50 kg crate slides down a 5.5 m loading ramp that makes an angle of 20° with the ground. If the coefficient of friction is 0.3, find the time it takes to reach the bottom.
- 12. A swimmer wishes to cross a river that flows with a current of 2.0 m/s at 090°. If the swimmer can swim with a speed of 3.0 m/s, find the heading she should take so that she reaches the other shore directly across from her point of origin.
- 13. David can row a boat with a speed of 3.5 m/s and wishes to row his boat directly across a river that flows with a velocity of 1.3 m/s at 090°. Find the direction that he should head and find the resultant velocity.

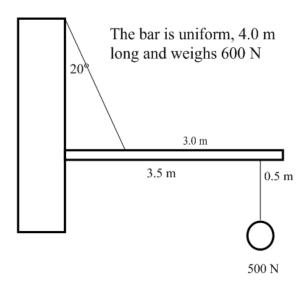
14 Find the resultant of each group of vectors

.A 25 m at 300° 50 m at 160°	B. 60 m at 030° 40 m at 290°	C 25 m at 290° 80 m at 060°

15 Find the forces acting in the bar in each of the diagrams.

Assuming the bar is uniform, 2.0 m long and weighs 500 N, find all the forces acting on the bar.





- 16. A bar 5.00 m long has a 50.0 N weight attached from one end and an 80 N weight attached from the other end. Determine the magnitude, direction, and point of application of the equilibrant force.
- 17. A bridge is 80.0 m long and it supports a 2000 kg car 30.0 m from one end. Find the force exerted by the piers at each end.
- 18. A helicopter leaves Hampton and travels to Moncton, 110 km @ 070°. He then flies to Fredericton, which is 160 km @ 300° and then flies from Fredericton back to Hampton. Find: a. the displacement from Hampton to Fredericton.
 b. the displacement from Fredericton to Hampton c. If the helicopter flies at a speed of 150 km/h, how long will the whole trip take (from Hampton back to Hampton)?
- 19. If the displacement from Hampton to Fredericton is 100 km at 340° and the displacement from Hampton to St. Stephen is 150 km at 250°, find the displacement from Fredericton to St. Stephen
- 20. A 2040 kg elevator is moving down with a velocity of 5 m/s. Find the force that the cable would have to apply so that it stops in 6 seconds. How far would the elevator move while it was slowing down.

Note: The only type of problem not covered on the review sheet is "Graphing of Motion" but that will be on the exam